

Political dialogue with the countries of the Western Balkans

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The EU and the Western Balkans

Recognising the importance of the Western Balkans the EU has:

- Promoted stability in the region through its assistance programmes
- Supported democracy through political dialogue
- Launched in 1999 the Stabilisation and Association process (SAP)



Stabilisation and Association Process

The SAP is the framework policy of the EU in the region serving to:

- Promote European values and principals
- Act as an anchor for reforms
- Open the way for eventual membership of the EU



Stabilisation and Association Process

The SAP aims to:

- Bring peace and stability to region
- Promote stable democratic institutions
- Ensure rule of law prevails
- Develop and sustain prosperous, open economies



Stabilisation and Association Process

Basics:

- Regional Approach 1996, after Dayton
- SAP proposed by the Commission in May 1999
- Covers Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Kosovo (under UNSCR 1244)
- Comprehensive policy framework, bundling earlier EC instruments, inspired by enlargement methodology.
- Geopolitical rationale: Stabilization of the region and gradual rapprochement with the EU.
- Prospect of full integration into EU structures: Status as "potential candidates" (Feira European Council)
- Differentiated, progressive and benchmarked.



Stabilisation and Association Agreements (SAAs)

SAA is a formal agreement providing a framework for:

- Closer political dialogue
- Establishment of free trade area
- Enhanced regional cooperation
- Harmonisation of legislation



Stabilisation and Association Agreements (SAAs)

Nature of SAAs:

 Binding treaty, signed with a state, contains mix of rights and obligations, modelled on the Europe Agreements, tailor-made for each country.

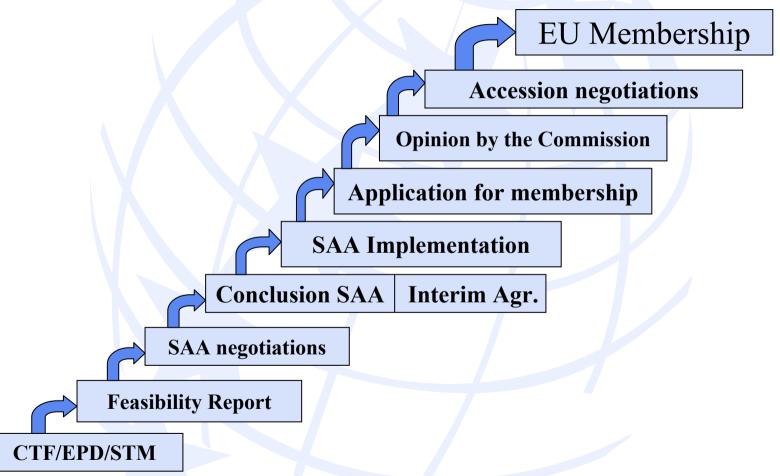
Contains:

- Political dialogue
- Regional cooperation, including free trade agreements and conventions on number of issues
- Free trade area with the EC within X years
- Four freedoms progressive
- Harmonisation of legislation
- Cooperation, e.g. in justice and home affairs (visa, border control, illegal migration, money laundering etc)

Enlargement

- Cooperation policies (economic, statistical, industrial, banking, SMEs, customs, social, agriculture, transport, environment etc)
- Financial cooperation
- New Joint Bodies

The road to an SAA and future EU Membership





Political dialogue & reform advice

- Regular political and technical visits, including seminars
- Consultative Task Forces / Enhanced Permanent
 Dialogue: Reform monitoring and advice
- Political Dialogue under the bilateral agreements
- European Partnerships and Progress Reports roadmaps for further reforms
- Linkage of SAP instruments: Report ->
 Partnership -> Advice -> Assistance -> Reports



European Partnerships

- Partnerships adopted by the EU.
- Identify reform priorities for short and medium term, help the countries prepare for further integration into the EU.
- Check list against which to measure progress.
- Guides Community assistance.
- Countries adopt plans for implementation of the Partnership priorities.
- Progress monitored through SAP structures and reported in the Commission's Progress Report

