



**SCREENING CHAPTER 27
ENVIRONMENT**

AGENDA ITEM: EPER Decision

**Country Session: The Republic of TURKEY
29 May - 02 June 2006**



CONTENT

- National Legislation and Institutions Involved
- Corresponding Provisions of National Legislation
- Studies and Progress



OVERVIEW

- **Establishing an inventory of all individual facilities to which the IPPC Directive applies**
 - Technical studies have been carried out to identify the relevant installations and to establish an inventory system. Yet, further studies are on the way.

- **Establishing quality control of the data received from the industrial facilities**
 - Article 41(f) of the By-law on Industrial Air Pollution Control includes the principles and rules for, mounting, maintenance and calibration of measurement equipment, standards and methods to be used and accreditation requirements.
 - In addition, technical studies are carried out for establishing a data quality system.



NATIONAL LEGISLATION AND INSTITUTIONS INVOLVED

National Legislation

- Law No.2872 on Environment as amended by the Law No.5491
- Law No.4856 on Duties, Competences and Responsibilities of the Ministry of Environment and Forestry
- By-law on Industrial Air Pollution Control (IAPC)
- By-law on Control of Hazardous Waste (CHW)
- By-law on Water Pollution Control (WPC)
- By-law on Control of Pollution by Dangerous Substances in Water and its Environment (CPDSWE)

Competent Authorities

- Ministry of Environment and Forestry (MoEF)
- Turkstat



CORRESPONDING PROVISIONS OF NATIONAL LEGISLATION (CONT'D)

Reporting of emissions from licensed installations

- Article 15 of the By-law on IAPC requires reporting of periodical monitoring of emissions (every 2 or 3 years) to the competent authority, regardless from the mass flowrates of the pollutants.
- Article 28 of the By-law on HWC (License is valid for 3 years. It can be extended if needed or given conditionally).
- According to Article 11 of the By-law on CPDSWE, discharge of dangerous substances is reported with the reconsideration of permit every 4 years.
- Article 37 of the By-law on WPC, wastewater discharge permit expires in 5 years, and renewal requires a wastewater discharge report.
- According to Article 42 of the By-law on WPC, renewal of deep sea discharge permit requires reporting of the discharges (every 5 years).



STUDIES AND PROGRESS

- A project was carried out to establish a data base and reporting system with financial assistance of EU (Institutional Building and Access to Environmental Information)
- Studies for increasing institutional capacity are in progress



CHALLENGES

- Preparation of an inventory of installations
- Establishing an effective monitoring and reporting system



Thank you for your attention