

Sixth EC Framework
Programme including
specific programmes
and rules of
participation

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EU research: the story so far

• 1952: ECSC treaty; first projects started March 1955

• 1957: EURATOM treaty; Joint Research Centre set up

• 1983: ESPRIT programme

• 1984: First Framework Programme (1984-1987)

• 1987: "European Single Act" - science becomes a Community

responsibility;

Second Framework Programme (1987-1991)

1990: Third Framework Programme (1990-1994)

• 1993: Treaty on European Union;

role of RTD in the EU enlarged

• 1994: Fourth Framework Programme (1994-1998)

• 1998: Fifth Framework Programme (1998-2002)

• 2000: European Research Area

• 2002: Sixth Framework Programme (2002-2006)

• 2005: Proposal for the Seventh Framework Programme (2007-2013)





The Political Context

- Articles 163 to 173 of the Treaty establishing the European Community
- Communication on the European Research Area (Jan 2000)
- Lisbon (and Barcelona) summits and the European Research Area (ERA) initiative
- Mid-term review Marimón Panel (2004)
- [Preparing the future: Communications on the future financial perspectives (Jan 2004) and on the future EU policy to support research (June 2004), Seventh Framework Proposals (April 2005), and related specific programmes (September 2005), etc]





Current Legal Acts (OJ):

- FP6: L232 29.8.2002 p. 1 (EC) and p. 34 (EURATOM)
- Specific Programmes (indirect actions): L294
 29.10.2002 p. 1 (EC, integrating + strengthening),
 p. 44 (EC, structuring), and p. 74 (EURATOM)
- Rules for Participation: L355 30.12.2002 p. 23 (EC) and p. 35 (EURATOM)





The EU's budget

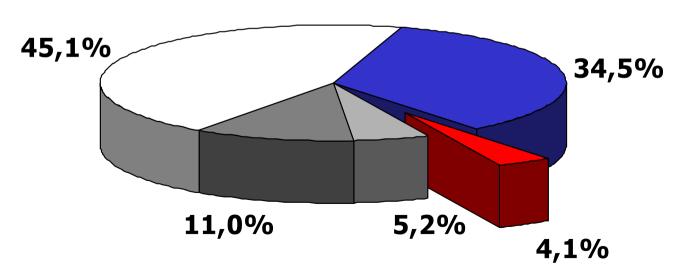
2002

Total value of commitments: EUR 98.6 billion

□ CAP☑ Structural Funds□ RTD

■ Administration

■ Other



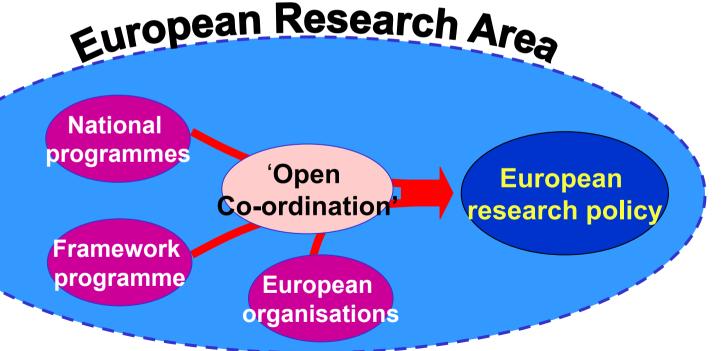




The European Research Area

(Communication of 18 Jan 2000)

- A blueprint for the future of research in Europe
- Broad support at the highest political, scientific and industrial levels
- Being implemented







Sixth Framework Programme 2002-2006

 Instrumental for implementation of the European Research Area (ERA)

Significant changes from FP5

- ◆Increased budget (~ 17%)
- ◆ New instruments (IPs, NoEs)
- ◆ New approaches (NEST, ERA-Net)
- ◆ Fully open to accession countries





What makes FP6 different from other research funding programmes?

- The European dimension
- The strategic objectives
- Focus and concentration
- Sharing of costs and ownership of results
- The submission and selection process (evaluation)
- The project management





	Budget
Activities	(€ million)

1. European Community	16 270
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2. Euratom 1 230

Total 17 500

(A)



Group of actions	Budget (€ million)
1. Focusing and integrating Community research	13 345
2. Structuring the European Research Area	2 605
3. Strengthening the foundations of the European Research Area	320
Total	16 270





I. Focusing and integrating research	Budget (€ million)
1. Life sciences, genomics and biotechnology for health	2 255
 Advanced genomics and its applications for health 	1 100
 Combatting major diseases 	1 155
2. Information Society technologies	3 625
3. Nanotechnologies and nano-sciences, knowledge-based multifunctional materials and new production processes and devices	1 300
4. Aeronautics and space	1 075
5. Food quality and safety	685
6. Sustainable development, global change and ecosystems	2 120
Sustainable energy systems	810
Sustainable surface transport	610
Global change and ecosystems	700
7. Citizens and governance in a knowledge-based society	225
8. Specific activities covering a wider field of research	1 300

Total 13 345*



^{*} Including non-nuclear activities of the Joint Research Centre: €760 million



II. Structuring the ERA	Budget (€ million)
1. Research and innovation	290
2. Human resources	1 580
3. Research infrastructures	655
4. Science and society	80
Total	2 605





III. Strengthening the foundations of the ERA	Budget (€ million)
Support for the coordination of activities	270
2. Coherent development of research and innovation policies	50
Total	320





Instruments (funding schemes):

- Action I Priority thematic areas:
 - Networks of excellence
 - Integrated projects
 - Specific targeted research projects
- Action I Specific activities covering a wider field of research:
 - Specific targeted research projects
 - Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions II and III:
 - Specific targeted research and innovation projects
 - Integrated infrastructure initiatives
 - Actions to promote human resources and mobility





Instruments (ctd)

• Throughout the FP:

- Specific support actions
- Coordination actions
- Participation of the Community in programmes implemented jointly by several Member States (Article 169)





Sixth Framework Programme (Euratom)

Framework programme Euratom	Budget (€ million)
1. Management of radioactive waste	90
2. Controlled thermonuclear fusion	750*
3. Radiation protection	50
4. Other activities	50
4. Activities of the Joint Research Centre	290
Total	1 230



^{*} including EUR 200 million for participation in ITER



Rules of participation - General Issues -

Decision:

Reflects main orientations of FP Decisions

with the aim of:

- Simplification
- Flexibility
- Autonomy for participants





Rules for participation

- Funding mechanisms: <u>'grant for integration'</u> (for networks of excellence) and <u>'grant to the overall budget'</u> (integrated projects), <u>i.e. the financing principle will no longer be the 'eligible costs'</u>
- Mainly on-going and ex-post control (rather than ex-ante);
- Changes in partnerships (addition or withdrawal) may be decided by partners, with tacit agreement by the Commission
- Candidate countries associated to the FP will participate under same conditions as EU Member States;
- European research organisations (e.g. CERN, ESA, EMBO, etc.) will be treated as any entity from member states;
- Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) rules simplified; relevant agreements to be established by consortium partners.





Participation

Who can participate?

- Any Member State legal entity
- New: Associated candidate countries = Member States (MS)
- New: International European interest organisations = MS





Experiences so far

Over 120 FP6 calls for proposals published so far:

- High level of interest
- Overall good quality of proposals and good coverage of work programme
- Excellent partnerships in key areas supported
- Increase in average number of participants per proposal and in size
- Relatively good participation of SMEs
- Good uptake of electronic submission





Main Committees and Groups

- <u>EURAB</u>, high-level, independent, advisory committee created by the Commission to provide advice on the design and implementation of EU research policy
- Programme Committee, set up by Council Decision, assists in implementing the specific programmes
- Advisory Groups, set up by Commissioner to give advice on the overall strategy to be followed in the various thematic areas
- <u>CREST</u>, set up by Council Resolution, should contribute, inter alia, to the co-ordination of members state RTD activities (eg, implements 3% through OMC)





Useful websites

•General information: http://europa.eu.int

General information on research: http://europa.eu.int/comm/research

•Information on research programmes : http://www.cordis.lu

•Information requests:research@cec.eu.int

